REPUBLICAN.

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JEFFERSON CITY, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1890.

NUMBER 8.

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FLOUR MEAL AND MILL FEED G. H. DULLE MILLING C. WEST MAIN STREET.

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FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES. Second-Hand Rigs Bought and Sold.

Mules and Horses Bought and Sold.

The best and Finest Livery Rigs in the State.

EAST MAIN STREET.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

CONGRESSIONAL.

A HILL was introduced in the Senate on the 12th for the crection of a monument to Abraham Lincoln on the Gettysburg battle-field. Mr. Mitchell spoke in favor of the bill for the free coinage of silver. The House bill granting honorable discharge to the sallors and marines who have lost their certificates of discharge was passed.... In the House the election case of Smith versus Jackson from the Fourth West Virginia district was taken up. The Democrals energile research was burned to on the 31st ult. Loss, \$230-000.

THE STATEMENT CHARGE AND THE ALLOSS, \$230-000.

THE MISSING-HOUSE at Kansus City, Mo., owned by Bloston capitalists, was burned on the 31st ult. Loss, \$230-000.

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THE STATEMENT CONTROL C CONGRESSIONAL.

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The bill instructing the superintendent of

tong debate.

The bill instructing the superintendent of consus to gather information regarding mortgages on homes and farms was passed in the Senate on the 30th uit. Mr. Vance (N. C.) spoke on the negro emigration bill in answer to Mr. Ingalls.... in the House the time was occupied in wranging over the ruling of Speaker Reed that members present but not voting shall be counted in order to make up a quorum. The Republicans sustained the ruling and the Democrats denounced it.

The Sepake in executive session on the 31st

The Republicums sustained the ruling and the Democrats denounced it.

The Senate in executive session on the 31st uit. confirmed the nomination of John M. Carle as collector of the port of Chicago... In the House another wrangle took place over the ruling of Speaker Reed, but he was sustained at all points, and finally quiet was restored and the committee report of the Smith-Jackson contested case was listened to.

There was no assaion of the Senate on the 1st... In the House the stormy scenes of the past few days were repeated, but Speaker Reed firmly maintained his position, and finally several arguments in the contested election case of Smith vs. Jackson, of West Virginia, were made.

Mr. Camenon announced in the Senate on the 3d the recent afflictions in the families of two members of the Cabinet and moved an adjournment, which was agreed to unanimously... In the House the Republicans had a quorum present, and in the contested election case from West Virginia Smith (Rep.) was given the seat occupied by Jackson (Dem.). No other business was transacted.

DOMESTIC.

A SAIL-BOAT crossed the straits on the 80th ult. from Cheboygan, Mich., to Bois Blanc. A winter had never been known before when the straits were so free

Bosrox officials decided on the 30th ult. not to grant any more licenses for sparring exhibitions. The trains which had been snow-

bound for seventeen days in the Sierras began moving on the 30th ult., resulting popular demonstrations at Reno and Ar Covington, Neb., a fire on the 30th

ult. destroyed most of the business part of the town.

Tile steamer Bothnia, with Miss Bis-land, the competitor of Nellie Bly in the race around the world, reached New York on the 30th ult.

THE Lenox Hill and the Sixtu National banks of New York suspended payment on the 30th ult, owing to the operations of President Chassen of the latter concern, who tried to dispose of \$600,000 worth of bonds belonging to the bank.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company on the 30th ult. paid William De Lorenzo, of Chicago, the uncle of little Grace Payne, \$7,500 for the loss of her mother and step-father in the recent Rose Hill railroad accident. THERE wholesale business houses and

eight saloons were destroyed by an incendiary fire at Stanton, Neb., on the goth ult.

Eleur prominent farmers of Healsbury. Ind. T., were arrested on the 30th uit, and taken to Gainesville, Tex., charged with being members of a mob which lynched an old man last Novem-

AT Seymour, La., a Texas Pacific train was derailed on the Soth ult., and the conductor and engineer were both instantly killed and the fireman and one

brakeman were fatally injured. George Token was hanged on the 80th ult. at Fort Smith, Ark., for the murder last September of Irwin Richardson. Both men were colored.

Tur Attorney-General of Kansas stated on the 33th ult. that it was a criminal offense to advertise lotteries or offer

tickets for sale in that State.

The house of Rev. Father Fleckinger at Chartiersborough, Pa., was blown up by dynamite on the 30th ult., but no was injured. Anarchists were

charged with the crime.

DURING a quarrel on the 30th ult. at Eric. Pa., between Italians, four persons were fatally cut with stilettos.

On the 31st ult. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Scully were arrested at Onelda, N. Y., charged with the murder of William Rhienhart, the father of Mrs. Scully.

There were 291 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 31st ult., against 328 the previous seven days. The total of failures in the United States January 1 to date is 1,628, against 1,806 in 1889.

At Sioux City, Ia., on the 80th ult. Hans Leander shot and killed Annie Carlson, who had refused his attentions, and then shot himself fatally. ANN REVINE, aged 105 years, was in a Newark (N. J.) court on the 30th ult. to

complain that she had been robbed of \$300—her all. HENRY A. SCHMIDT, a merchant tailor

of St. Louis, was on the 31st ult. fined \$12,000 for violating the alien contract Till: Mississippi Legislature on the 31st ult. decided to memorialize Con-gress asking for the repeal of the Fif-teenth Constitutional Amendment.

PETER J. CLASSEN, who as the al-leged president of the Sixth National Bank of New York was accused of wrecking that institution, was arrested on the 31st ult.

A CAVE-III occurred on the Sist ult at Plains, Pa., three houses and a double block being wrecked, causing conster-

mation among the people.

Excuss buyers were on the 31st ult.
making an effort to purchase the sash
and door factories of this country, and
several mills throughout Missouri and
Kansas had been negotiated for.

THE Capitol wagon works at Lansing, Mich., assigned to Frank E. Robson on the 31st ult. Nominal assets, \$120,000;

A PRELIMINARY report was made on the 31st ult. by the committee auditing the accounts of Dr. O'Reilly, of the Irish National League, at Detroit. It showed receipts since the Chicago convention of 1886, to January 1 last, of \$237,922; remitted to Iroland. \$237,248; expenses, \$23,225; balance, January 1, \$26,835.

Tue three sons of James Bright, of been ill with influenza, but when they in a horse-car in Baltimore, Md., on retired the previous night their condition was not thought to be dangerous. Ar Kenosha, Wis., two large build-ings, the water cure and the German

church were burned on the 2d. Total loss, \$125,000. NEAR Alligator bay, in Arkansas, a man named Kelley shot and killed his

wife and a young man on the 1st in a fit of jealousy.

HUGH McCornick, of New Brunswick, defeated Axtel Paulsen in a ten-mile race at Eau Claire, Wis., on the 2d, and

took the title of the champion skater of the world, which Paulsen had held for eight years. Time, 46% minutes.
The Sears building, one of the finest

in Boston, was burned on the 2d. Loss, Six men were killed, two fatally in-

jured and several others hurt on the 1st by an explosion of gas in a coal shaft at Wilkesbarre, Pa. A TRAIN on the Chicago & Alton rail-road left the track at Alma, Mo., on the

1st, ditching sixteen cars, and five of the trainmen were fatally injured. THE infant son of Mr. and Mrs Na-thaniel Reeves, living in a basement in and he and his three children—two boys Kansas City, Mo., died on the 1st from and a girl—perished in the flames.

THE Canadian Parliament on the 30th

time during the night.
At Louisiana, Mo., on the 1st Joseph Bacon, a negro boy 13 years old, killed his sister, 6 years old, and his bother, 3 years old.

At Winusboro, La., Allen Buye and Duncan Thompson, boys of 15, quarreled on the 1st, and young Buye stabbed and killed Thompson and then killed himself.

A TRAIN with one thousand negro emigrants en route from South Carolina to Louisiana and Texas passed through Birmingham, Ala., on the 2d.

EARLY on the morning of the 2d a fire in a tenement house in Boston caused the loss of ten lives, and seven other persons were badly injured.

An incendiary fire on the 1st at El-wood, Ind., destroyed eight stores. In Washington on the Ed the superintendent of the census appointed John Hyde, of Nebraska, and Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey, chief special agents for the collection of the statistics of

agriculture.
THE New York Presbytery on the 3d declared itself in favor of a revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith by

a vote of 93 to 4il. In Chicago on the 3d a motion for a new trial for James J. West, ex-president of the Times Company, was denied by Judge Grinnell, and West was sen-

tonced to five years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$1,000. mer Annie M the Gloucester (Mass.) fishing fleet, was on the 3d given up as lost with her crew

of fourteen men.
Tur visible supply of grain in this

Engineer Neville, Fireman O'Brien and the bereavement of Secretaries Blaine

istalled as the eleventh president of Speaker laid before the House various Columbia College in the presence of a Senate bills for reference, furnishing vast audience. The convention of Knights of Labor tinued until adjournment at 4:25 p. m.

of New York State, held in Troy on the 3d, adopted resolutions in favor of the men in session in Washington, on the

433; gold bullion, \$66,080,987; silver tion, was also selected.
coin, \$29,646,645; silver bullion, \$11.- QUEEN VICTORIA sent a message of THE residence of Secretary of the

Navy Tracy in Washington was burned the other survivors of the terrible early on the morning of the Ed. The calamity which had overtaken his fam-Secretary's youngest daughter and Mrs. Tracy's French maid, Josephine Mor-rell, were burned to death, and Mrs. Tracy received injuries from which she died shortly after being removed to a place of safety. The Secretary was rescued in a partially-asphyxiated condition, while his youngest daughter, Mrs. Wilmerding, and her little daughter Mrs. Wilmerding, and her little daughter Alice saved themselves by jumping from the second-story window.

It was stated on the 3d that fully fifteen thousand persons near Pottsville. Pa., were in a starving condition owing

Pa., were in a starving condition owing to lack of work in the coal mines.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL By a party vote on the 30th ult. the Democrats of the Ohio Senate of the Democrats of the Ohio Senate of the Lampson, the Republican Lieutenant-Governor elect, and decided to seat Marquis, the contestant. The case would be carried to the Supreme Court.

Pressure of Appleace Court. PRESIDENT HARRISON on the 30th ult

appointed William H. Taft, of Ohio, Soliciter-General. MRS. JULIANA MIOTKA, & Prussian by birth, died in Chicago on the 30th ult., aged 90 years.

Ar Indianapolis on the 30th ult. the new Republican State Central Committee organized, with L. T. Michener as

GOVERNOR HUMPHIRE On the Sist ultappointed Major William Sims State Treasurer of Kansas, vinc James W. Hamilton, resigned,

NINE ballots were taken in the Iows House on the 31st ult. for speaker with-out breaking the dead-lock, and settlesent seemed to be far off. NATHAN C. BARRETT, Secretary of

State of Georgia, died on the 2d at A. lanta in the 90th year of his age. ADVICES of the 1st announce death of Miss Chloe Lankton in New Hartford, Conn., in her 77th year. At the age of 16 she was attacked by a mal-ady which had kept her in bed for sixty-

So, 1889, \$35,939,605.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 1st aggregated \$1,170,294,394, against \$1,191,927,943, the provious week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1889 the increase amounted to 14.9.

Five blocks of buildings at Danbury, Conn., were burned on the 2d. Loss, \$300,000.

The three sons of Least Parks.

RICHARD STOCKETT MATTHEWS, one Kirkland township, In., were found of the most prominent lawyers in the dead in their beds on the 3d. They had South, dropped dead from heart disease

Tur Supreme Court of the United States on the 3d rendered an opinion confirming the constitutionality of the Edmunds-Tucker Idaho test oath which prevents Mormons from voting.

REV. Do. TALMAGE arrived at his home in Brooklyn on the 3d from his pilgrimage to the Holy Land. GENERAL PHIL COOK was on the 3d appointed Secretary of State of Georgia to succeed N. C. Barrett, recently deceased. Cook was a Brigadier in the Confed-

erate army and twelve years in Con-THE fourth week of the dead-lock in the Iowa House began on the 3d with no signs that the end of the contest was approaching.

FOREIGN.

News of the 29th from Colombia says that the tribe of Indians (30,000 in num her) on the San Blas reservation had raised the American flag and declared themselves American citizens.

THE house of John Gorley at St. Johns, N. F., was burned on the 29th,

ult announced that the estimated expenses for the next fiscal year were £36,-

000,000 Titi: Manitoba Legislature convened

at Winnipeg on the 30th ult.
TELEGRAMS of the 31st ult. from Crete say there had been lately many murders of both Turks and Christians, and the Christians, fearing the effects of Turkish revenge, were taking refuge in the hills.

The Italian East African Company on the 31st ult. decided to organize extensive factories and whatever establishments might be necessary to work great plantations in Africa.

ENGLISH mine-owners were on the Sist ult. preparing to form a federation to protect their interests against the organizations of employes.

Pontucties: newspapers were on the 1st advising their countrymen to mur-der members of the English colony at Lisbon in the event of a war with Great

Britain. Mexico on the 1st officially recognized the United States of Brazil. THE car shed of the Canadian Pacific

Railway Company at Ottawa, Ont., with six cars, was destroyed by fire on the 3d. oss, \$100,000. Ir was announced on the 3d that

Henry M. Stanley, the explorer, would remain at Cairo, Egypt, until March. THE trial of the suit for libel brought by Mr. Parnell against the London

Times was compromised on the Ed, the ages.

In the Senate, on the 4th, the Samoan The visible supply of grain in this country on the 3d was: Wheat, 3,489,193 the Senate, on the 4th, the Samoan country on the 3d was: Wheat, 3,489,193 treaty was ratified, and a resolution bushels, a decrease of 454,411 bushels; looking to an investigation of the Washington fire department was passed. The Blair Educational bill came up as un-The bridge across the Illinois river finished business, but went over for one near Peoria, Ill., gave way on the id beneath the weight of a freight train, and lain in his prayer feelingly alluded to In the Metropolitan Opera-House at New York on the 3d Hon. Seth Low was illatory tactics of the minority the new grounds for filibustering which con-

THE National convention of colored

> condolence to Secretary Tracy, on the calamity which had overtaken his fam-

THE Hamburg-American Steamship Company's steamer Gellert, which ar-rived at New York on the 4th, collided with an iceberg on January 30, and two boles, each about a foot square, were stove in her side three feet from the stern. The Gellert passed twenty ice-

ployes whose pension was re-rated under Corporal Tanner, was accepted, on the 4th, to take effect March 5 next. Mr. Smith's pension was increased last spring from \$37 to \$72 per month, and spring from \$37 to \$72 per month, and he received over \$6,000 arrears of pen-

THE report of Adjutant-General Kelton upon the militia force of the Unit-ed States sent to the Senate, on the 4th, shows a total strength of 8,052 officers, 103,290 men, and 7,352,171 availables.

THE funeral of Mrs. and Miss Tracy took place from the President's Mansion at eleven o'clock on the morning of the 5th. Their remains were placed temporarily in vaults in Rock Creek

THE funeral of Mrs. Coppinger, eld-est daughter of Secretary Blaine, took place on the 4th. The remains were Cemetary. interred at Oak Hill Cemetery, beside those of her brother Walker Blaine,

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Dr W. C. Hatler, a prominent physician of Cole County, was recently arrested at his home by a deputy United States marshal on a warrant charging him with a murder committed twenty years ago in McDonald County. The arrestorcated a great sensation, as Dr. Hat-ler was prominent in business, professional and political circles, and had had an unblemished reputation all his life. In the early part of 1870 Dr. Hatler went with his family from Cole to McDonald County, located just on the line of the Indian Territory and proceeded to erect a house. While it was in course of construction he occupied rooms in a ouse in a village half a mile from the line in the Indian Territory, owned by a half breed Cherokee Indian, William Sloan. The Indian became abusive to the doctor's family and finally threat-ened to kill him, supplementing his threats with a shotgan. The doctor in defending himself killed Sloan with a hatchet. Every one recognized the fact that the killing was in self-defense and nothing was done until fifteen years after (in 1885) when the federal grand jury at Fort Smith, Ark., indicted him, and now, five years after indictment, be has been arrested although his identity

and residence have all the time been

Miscellaneous.

To a late match at Chicago between Kansas City and Chicago sportsmen Kansas City bore off all the honors as

well as prizes.

THE other night at asylum No. 2, in St. Joseph, Adolphus Musser, who attempted to kill himself in Kansas City four months ago by throwing himself under a cable car, tried to sever his jug-ular vein with a piece of steel spring but did not succeed. He is sixty-four years of age, and a brother of the late Colonel Musser, of the Confederate army. For some time past he has been addicted to the use of morphine and this is the

cause of his presence in the asylum. THE other morning a Government detective went to the post-office at Partiow and arrested Mrs. Henry Boganz, postmistress, and her son Charles upon the charge of rifling the mails.

C. E. Ginson has filed in the Supreme Court a petition for a writ of mandamus to compel Secretary of State Lesueur to incorporate the "Lafayette Park Club" of St. Louis. The suit is of a friendly character to determine the powers and duties of the circuit courts and the rights of the Secretary of State in relation to the incorporation of benevolent, religious, scientific, educational and mis-

cellaneous associations. Du. J. O. Day, one of the most prominent physicians of Kansas City, died re-cently after suffering several months from stomach disorder. He was fiftytwo years old.

THE flouring mill at Centralia, owned by C. W. Pelsue & Co., was burned the other morning. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$4,000. It was the only mill in the GOVERNOR FRANCIS, acting upon the

advice of Attorney-General Wood, has commenced suit against the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad for the recovery of \$300,000 with interest from 1875. Miss Phoene Cousins, of St. Louis, has

been appointed special agent for the collection of statistics of recorded indebtedness for the city of St. Louis for the census report. A NOTABLE wedding occurred at Kan-sas City the other evening, Joseph H.

Acklen, ex-Congressman of Tennessee, being married to Miss Jeannette Tilloting lady of wealth. C. W. F. HEATON, the young confidence man and forger who recently

pleaded guilty to passing two forged checks upon the Midland National Bank at Kansas City, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. THE report of Labor Commissioner Meriwether gives special attention to the subject of mining, and to statistics, showing the average wages, cost of liv-ing and the manner in which the miners receive their pay from the companies. The report shows that the general practice among employers is only to pay the miners about once a month, and in this manner the miner is kept constantly in debt. Careful estimates show that thirteen per cent. of the miners of the State receive for their work less than 75

only six men received more than 80 a A LATE fire destroyed the plant of the Kansas City Packing Company. Loss, \$100,000. The property had only been sold the week previous to Boston capi-

talists.
E. C. RICHARDS, of Louisiana, Mo., died suddenly the other morning while sitting in a chair in a barber shop, at St. Louis. He had reached the city only a few hours before and stopped in the shop to be shaved. The barber had just applied the lather and was strapping the razor when he saw the customer's head drop on his breast. He was carried outside for air and a physician summoned, but Richards was dead when he arrived. The deceased was fifty years of age.

A LATE fire at Chillicothe partially destroyed the Browning Hotel. The building was valued at \$10,000 and was infor half that amount. Landlord Blackburn's loss on furniture and fixtures is \$4,000; insurance, \$2,500. R. L. Seay's hardware stock was damaged by water about \$4,000; insured for \$3,500 Hirsh & Sherman, grocers, had their stock ruined by water; loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$6,000. The fire was clearly the work of an incendiary.

GOVERNOR FRANCIS recently pardoned R. M. Chadwick, who was sentenced at the September term, 1885, of the Barton County circuit court to twenty-five years in the penitentiary for murder in the second degree. The only ground of pardon is that Chadwick is dying with consumption, and his release was rec-ommended by the prison physician and

inspectors.

Fhank Sullivan, aged firteen years, fatally shot Thomas Jenner, aged ten years, at St. Joseph the other afternoon. Jenner claimed that Sullivan did the shooting deliberately and with intent to kill. Sullivan said it was an accident. The coroner's jury exonerated Sullivan.

MISSOURI PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Annual Report of Superintendent Coleman
—Temperance and Religion in the Schools
—Education of Colored Children—The
Effort to Secure Mixed Schools.

State Superintendent of Schools Cole-man has completed the fortleth report of the public schools of the State, and the manuscript is now in the hands of the printer, and will be ready for dis-tribution shortly. The report is for the school year commencing July 1, 1885, and ending June 30, 1889. Under the head of "General Suggestions" Mr.

Coleman says: Coleman says:

A careful comparison of the statistics and general condition of the schools of the State for the school year herein reported with any previous year will show decided improvement. More teachers were employed, and at better salaries; more fines were collected and placed to the credit of the permanent school fund; more good institutes were held, and more systematic and thorough work done than in any previous year.

Discussing the needs of the School law, Mr. Coleman says that it should

law, Mr. Coleman says that it should fully set out the subjects to be taught in all the public schools of the State. Higher branches, he says, should be ad-mitted only by order of the board or by a vote of the people. Concerning the teaching of temperance ideas in the

public schools, Mr. Coleman says:

The law on teaching the evil effects of sleoholic stimulants and narcotics upon the human system is a farce and a franct.

The law, as it stands, is worthless, and should be repealed or amended.

In regard to teaching foreign languages the subligations because

In regard to teaching foreign languages in the public schools, he says:
The lars should specify definitely in what language the instruction in our public schools is to be given. It is a shame and disgrace to American institutions to have the English language ruled out of our public schools and German substituted, as it is done wholly or in part in many districts in this State. The average legislator appears to quake when this matter is brought up for consideration. Right and justice are forgotten or smothered for the sake of the German vote.

The teaching of church creeds is most severely condemned. He believes that the Legislature made a most serious mistake by not establishing county supervision.

In the matter of the education of colored children he says:

While afteen colored children can be made
the basis of a district school, yet it takes
thirty white children to scenre the same; so
that in place of the law discriminating
against the negro race, it actually discriminates against the white race.

Discriminating the same of the law discriminating the same is the same in the sam

nates against the white race.

Discussing this matter at length, he says, among other things:

The secret of the whole matter is, these negro agitators want to pet the negro children in the white schools.

There are some negro teachers who have little judgment enough to think that they can force the negro and white children into the same schools in Missouri. If such a law could be enacted and enforced, it would immediately send about six hundred able-bodied negro school teachers adrift to find employment elsewhere, for not one of them could then hope to be employed in our public schools any more than they can to be employed to teach a public school in flows. Bline's or Ohlo, After twenty five years' say gience trying to educate the negro children of the State, very liftle has been accomplished outside of the cities and larger towns.

The school funds are given as follows:

lows: State school fund.
University fund
County school fund
Township school fund
Special school fund \$3,140,853 00 540,005 09 3,621,636 26 3,317,590 01 45,222 84

\$10,005,837,11 Under the head of "statistics," reported by county commissioners, the number of children enrolled in the public schools is given as follows:

| Boys | Girls | Total. | White | 197,015 | 281,338 | 559,373 | Colored | 19,349 | 19,158 | 32,158 Grand total There are 12,948 white teachers ens-

ployed in the State and 686 colored teachers. The average salary paid teachers is \$42.31 per monto. There are now in operation 9,178 white schools and 500 colored schools, making in all 9,687. The cost per day of teaching each pupil is .074c. School property of the State is valued at \$10,972,161. Average tax levy for school purposes on \$100

valuation is 43.4c. SUIT AGAINST THE FRISCO.

The State Sucs the St. Louis & San Fran-cisco Railway Company for Three Hun-dred Thousand Bollars—History of the Case. Sr. Louis, Jan. 31.—The State of Missouri yesterday brought a suit against the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company for \$800,000 on notes, and it further asks for accumulated interest. There is a story connected with the petition. In March, with the petition. In March, 1868, the South Pacific Railway cents a day. Seventy-four per cent. of them receive less than \$1.50 a day, and Company held possession of a road-bed from Pacific to Rolla. A contract was then made by John C. Freemont and his associates. The act of the Legislature

of Missouri, approved February 11, 1869, catitled "An Act to Provide for the Sale of Certain Railroads by the Government," was approved, and by the terms of the grant the South Pacific Railroad Company was compeled to spend 8500,. 000 in extension, and it was au-thorized to re-issue bends to the extent of \$750,000. By the set of 1866 it was provided that the South Pacific pay the State \$500,000-\$100,000 by June, 1874; \$100,000 by June, 1875, and \$100,-000 in June, 1876. The South Pacific Railroad Company gave a bond for \$300,000 to secure the debts it had made, with William B. M. Kean and F. Norman Jourette as sureties. The bend was worthless, as the principals were insolvent. The claim of the State in a nutshell is this: The Atlantic & Pacific was the successor of the Southern Pacific. The Frisco is a corporation that succeeded the Atlantic & Pacific. It is claimed by the State that the St. Louis & San Francisco is responsible for the debt, and hence the suit is brought.

A Fire at Nevada. Nevada was visited by a bad fire a few nights since, which broke out in the Nipp block. Loss, about \$15,000, the Nipp block. Loss, about mostly covered by insurance.

The Fatal Target Rifle. At St. Joseph Thomas Jenniers, aged ten years, was accidently shot and instantly killed by Frank Sullivan, a playmate, with a target rifle. The boy's body was immediately taken to his home, and when Mrs. Jenniers belief it she became violently insans. held it she became violently insane. The coroner held an inquest and hald

voung Sullivan blameless